

# Metropolis and Silvester

A comparison

# The issue

- \* Evaluating congestion pricing proposals
  - \* Costs & benefits
  - \* Compare equilibria
    - \* Ideally dynamic ones
  - \* Needed: (dynamic) (equilibrium) models
- \* Opportunity in Stockholm
  - \* Implementation of dynamic pricing in 2007
  - \* Two models: Silvester & Metropolis
- \* Very interesting, and important

# Rough comparison

## Silvester

- \* P, T, SDE, SDL, Sigma
- \*  $t^*$  for departures
- \* Discrete time
- \* Mixed Logit
  
- \* One shot equilibrium?
- \* Heterogeneous VoT within trip purpose

## Metropolis

- \* P, T, SDE, SDL
- \*  $t^*$  for arrivals
- \* Continuous time
- \* Nested Logit but Continuous Logit for departure time
- \* Learning over days
- \* Homogeneous VoT within trip purpose

# Differences in results

## Silvester

- \* Stronger modal shift
- \* Overestimates flow change
- \* Lower toll revenues
- \* Larger CS effect from tolling

## Metropolis

- \* Less strong
- \* Underestimates flow change
- \* Higher toll revenues
- \* Smaller CS effect from tolling

# Why could one expect higher CS effect?

## In Silvester

- \* Heterogeneous VoT's
- \* Q1 Also Heterogeneous VSD's? Would increase effect (better order of travellers)?
- \* Q2 Variability of travel time: does tolling reduce it in the model?
- \* Q3 What does Mixed Logit, compared to Nested, do to elasticities?

## In Metropolis

- \* Continuous time
  - \* Q4 Can be exploited fully with time-varying tolling. Analyzed?
  - \* Q5 Shadow price of public fund? What value would tip the balance?
- \* Q6 This compares exogenous tolls. What can we expect for optimized tolls?